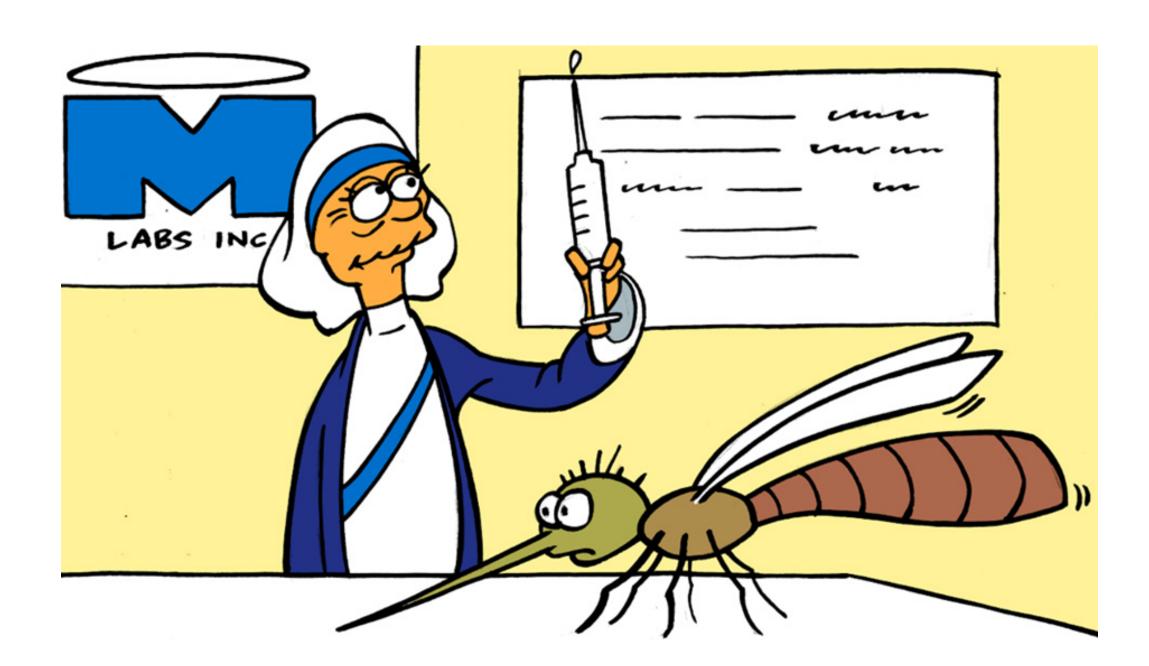
CRISPR-Cas9-based gene drive architecture for control of agricultural pests



John Marshall Division of Biostatistics and Epidemiology john.marshall@berkeley.edu

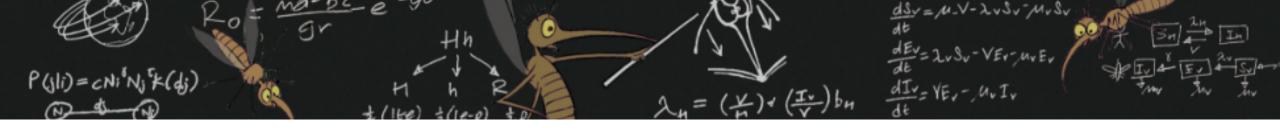














John Marshall

Samson Kiware



Hector Sanchez



Sean Wu



Tomas Leon



Gordana Rašić



Jared Bennett



Sarafina Smith



Yogita Sharma

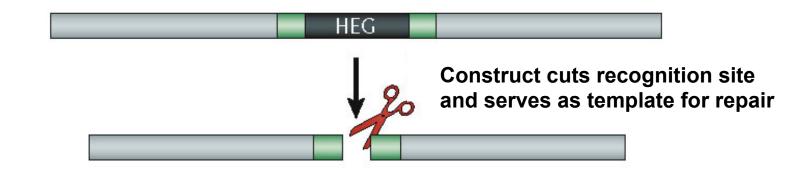


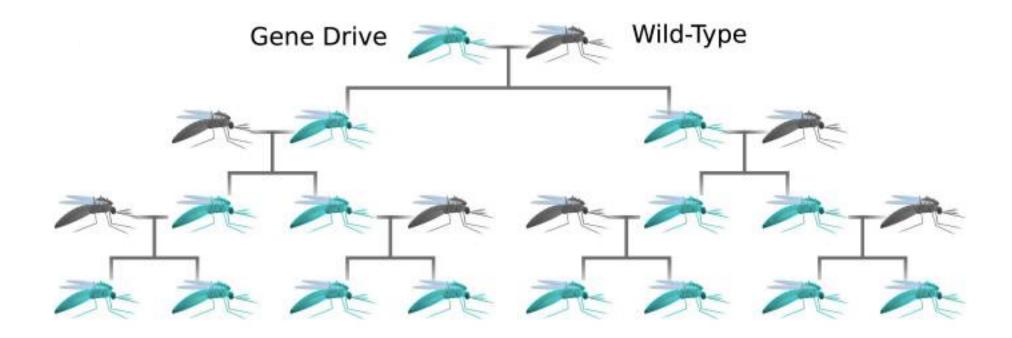
Partow Imani



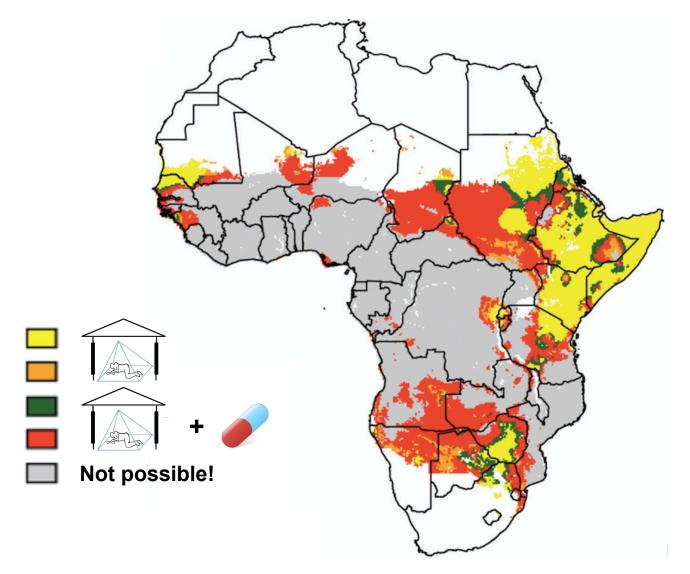
Biyonka Liang

Homing-based CRISPR-mediated gene drive





Optimal interventions to eliminate malaria



Walker PGT, Griffin JT, Ferguson NM, Ghani AC (2016) Lancet Global Health

Public attitudes to gene editing for malaria control in Mali



"You have to start somewhere. From this, people will know whether it's good or bad... I would like you to conduct a trial in my village because I would like to be an example for another community."

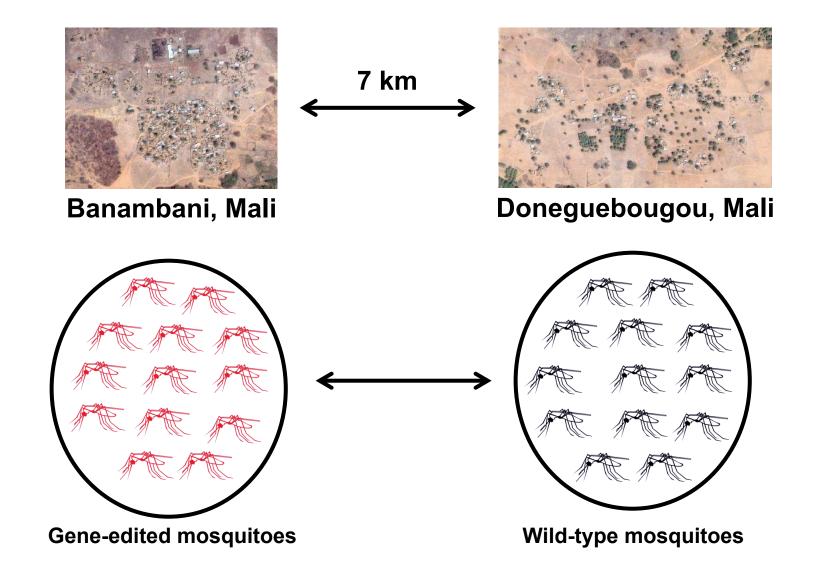
Elder, Koporo-na, Mali

"I would have to see an example of modified mosquitoes reducing malaria in another village before I believe this claim"

Elder, Tienfala, Mali

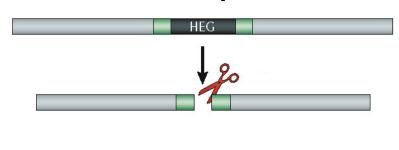
• Marshal JM, Toure MB, Traore MM, Famenini S, Taylor CE (2010) Malaria Journal 9: 128

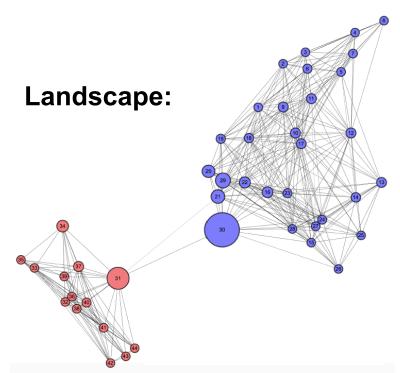
Can we conduct a confined field trial of gene-edited mosquitoes?



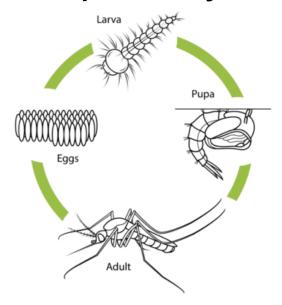
Modeling as data integration to address specific questions

Inheritance pattern:

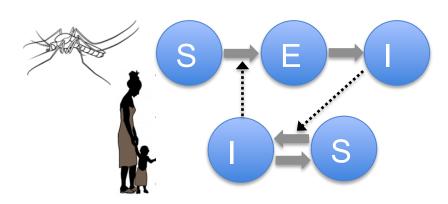




Mosquito life cycle:



Disease epidemiology:



Mosquito Gene Drive Explorer (MGDrivE)

MGDrivE

Mosquitos + Tensors +
Genetics + CS + Networks +
Math + Coffee

View Releases List

Browse Documentation

> View on Youtube

Fork on GitHub

Download ZIP File

Download TAR Ball

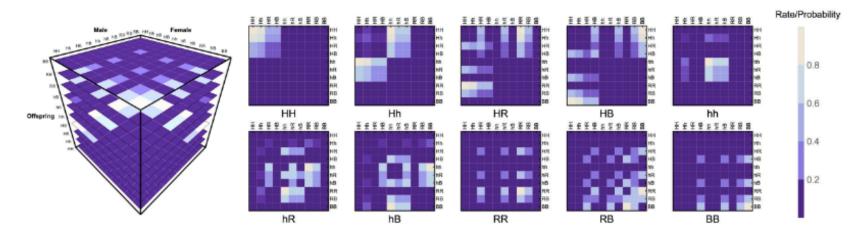
Developed in John Marshall's Lab by:

- -Lead: Héctor M. Sánchez C.
- -Core Dev: Sean L. Wu, Jared Bennett
- -Spatial Analysis: Biyonka Liang, Sarafina Smith, Sabrina Wong
- Movement Kernels: Partow Imani

Mosquito Gene Drive Explorer

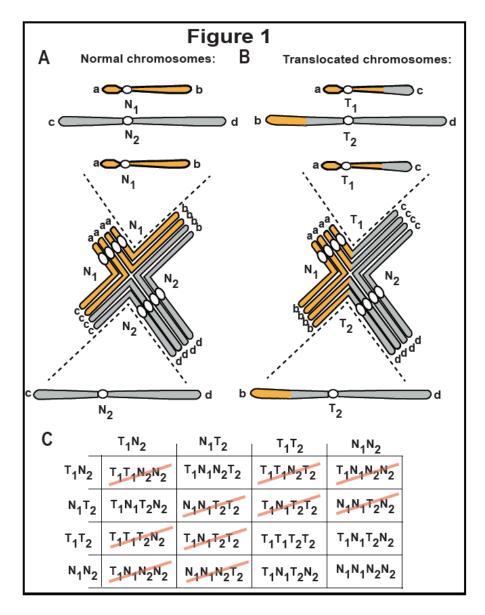
Brief Description

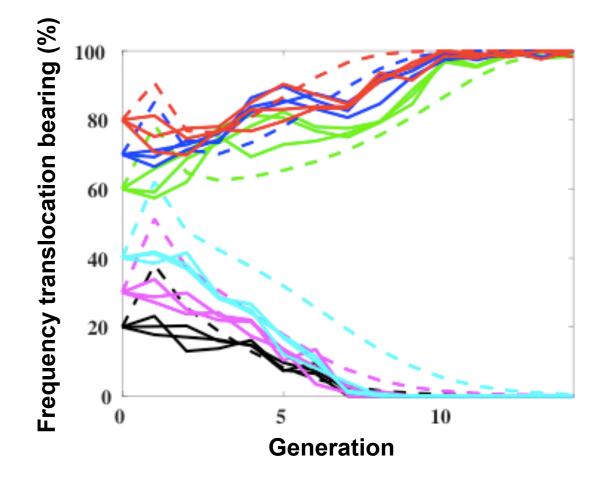
MGDrivE is a framework designed to serve as a testbed in which gene-drive releases for mosquito-borne diseases control can be tested. It is being developed to accommodate various mosquito-specific gene drive systems within a population dynamics model that allows migration of individuals between nodes in a spatial landscape.



Demonstration

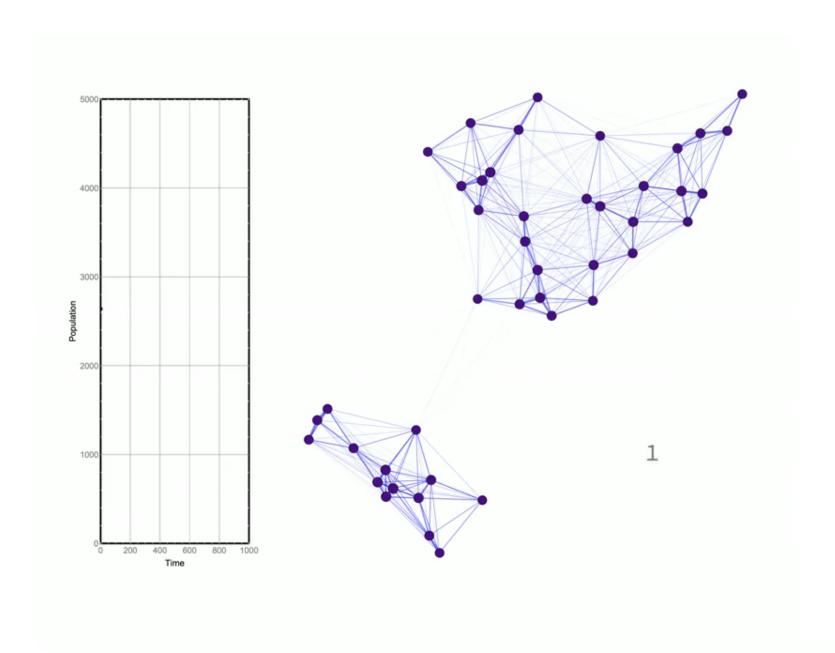
Application to chromosomal translocations



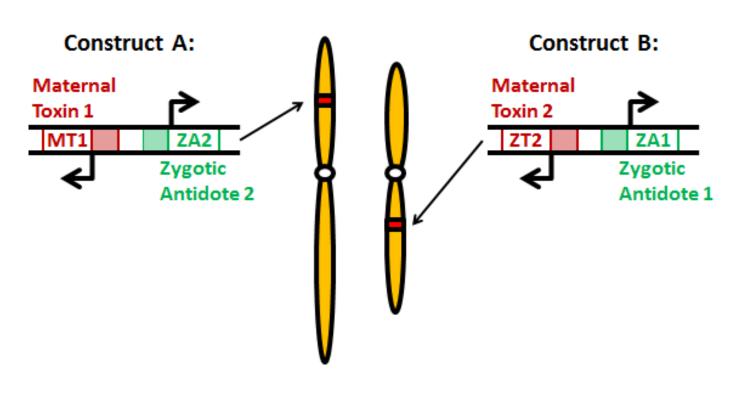


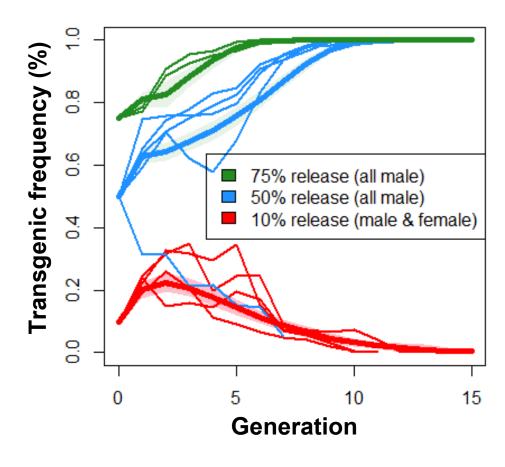
Buchman A, Ivy T, Marshall JM, Akbari OS, Hay BA (2018) ACS Synthetic Biology

MGDrivE: Translocations with remediation



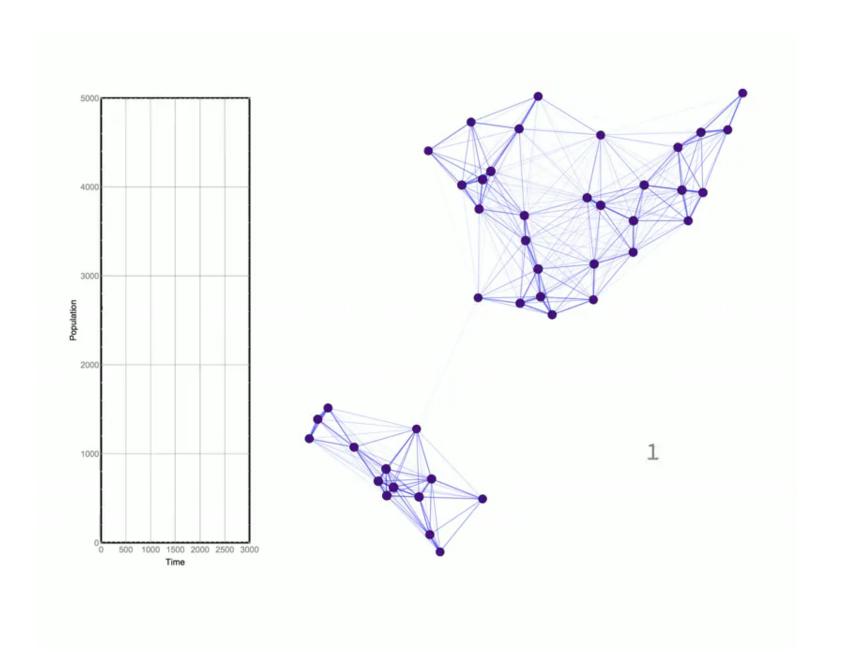
Application to toxin-antidote-based underdominance



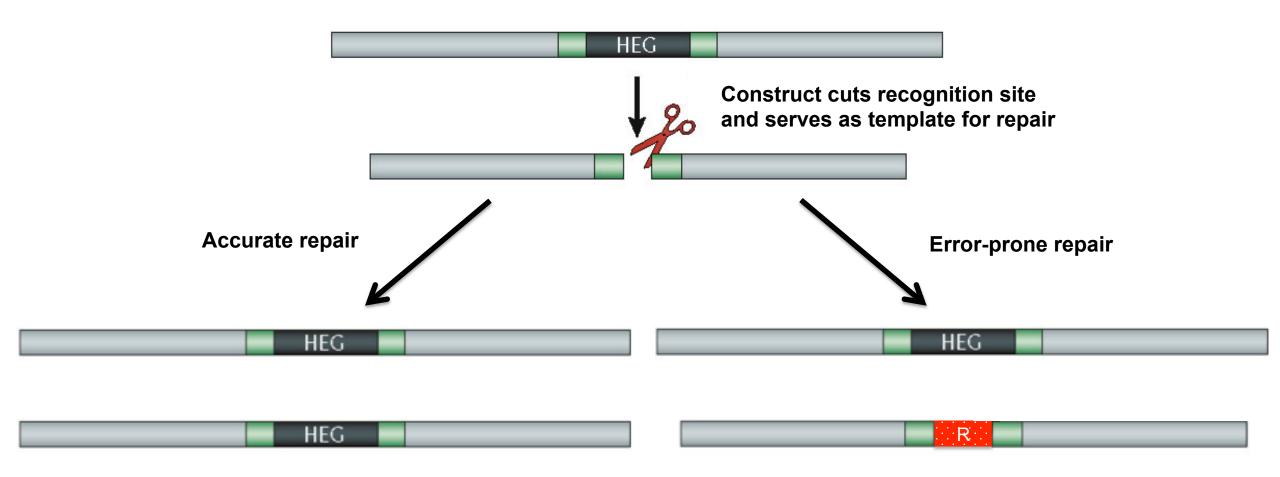


• Akbari OS, Matzen KD, Marshall JM, Huang H et al. (2013) Current Biology

MGDrivE: Toxin-antidote-based underdominance

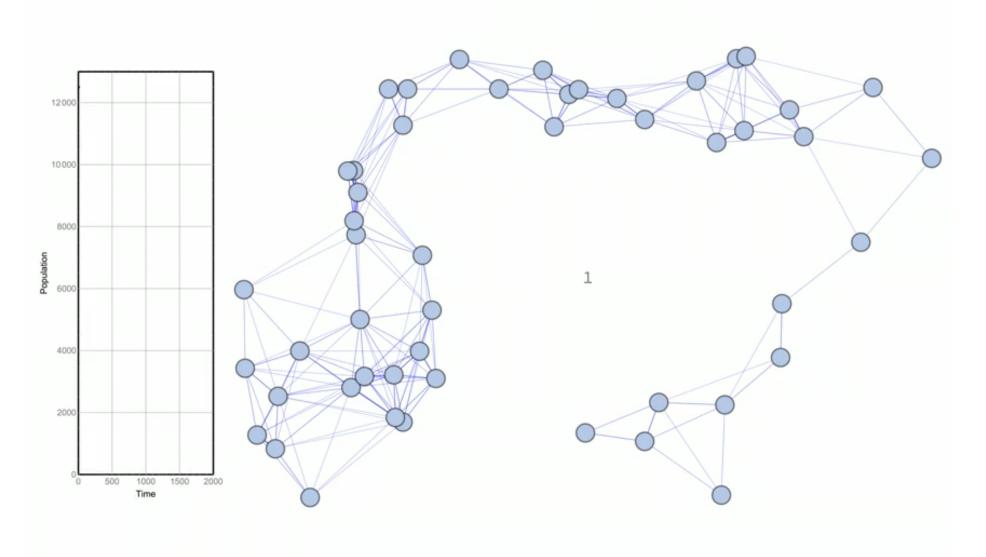


Homing-based gene drive with resistant alleles

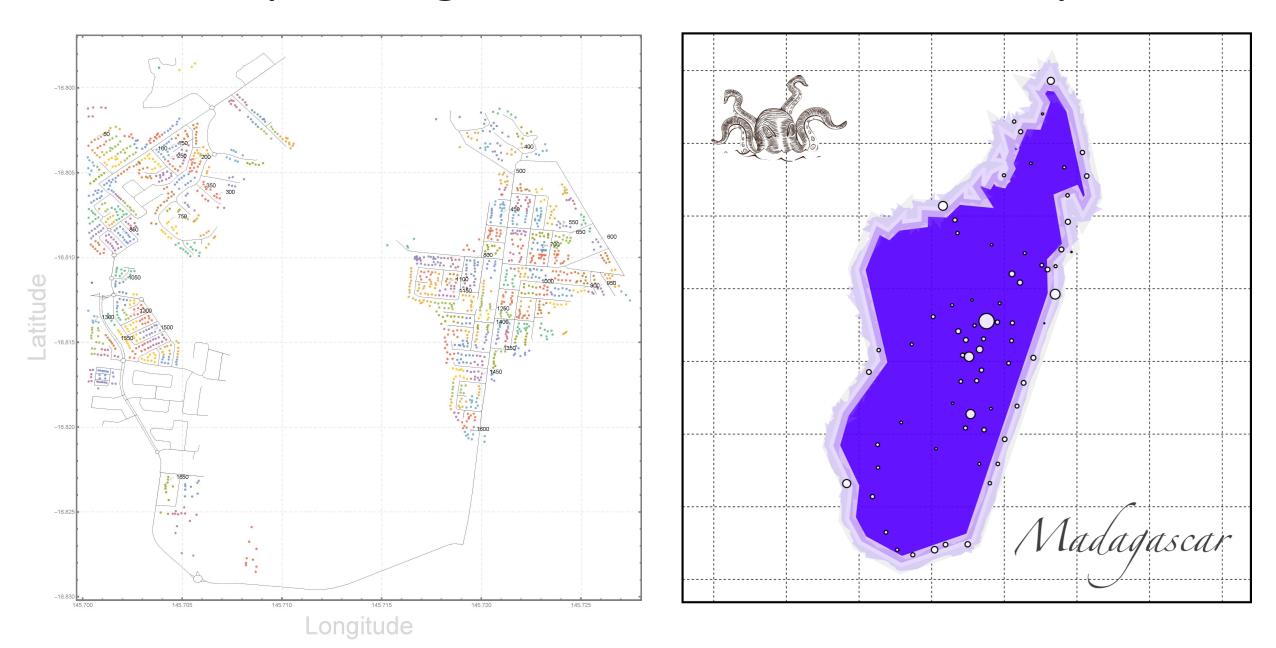


MGDrivE: Homing-based gene drive with resistance

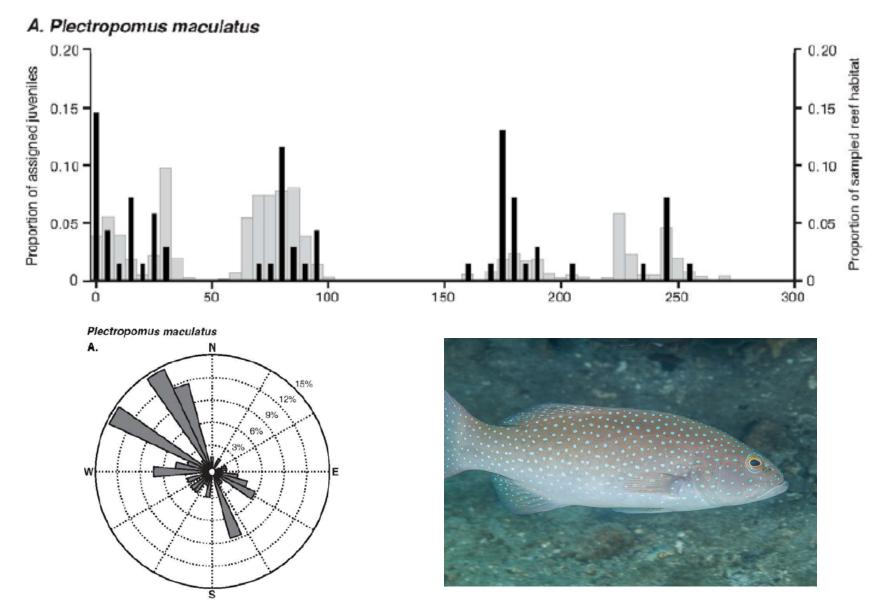




Extrapolating to more realistic landscapes

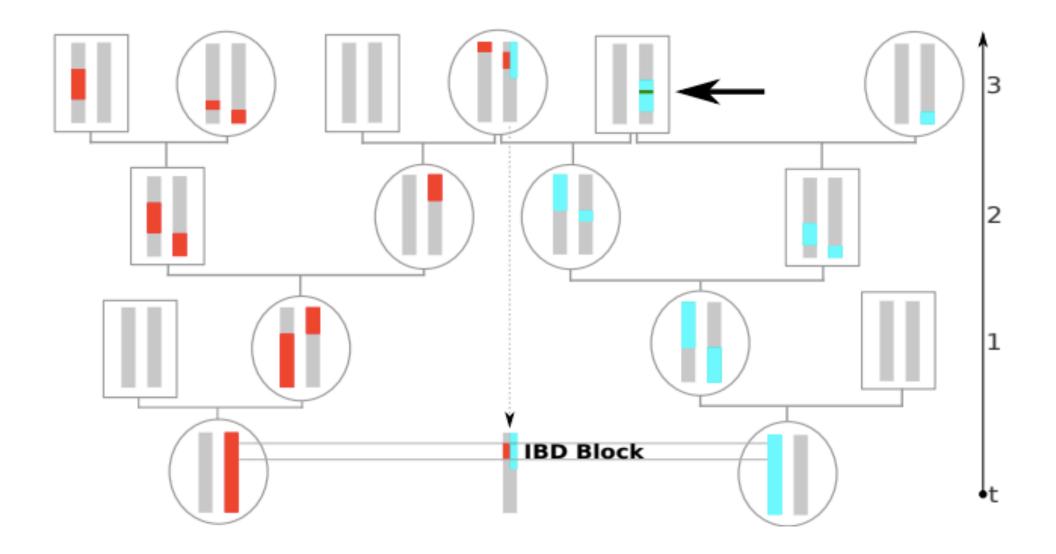


Fine-scale movement patterns from parentage analysis



• Williamson DH, Harrison HB, Almany GR, Berumen ML et al. (2016) Mol. Ecol. 25L 6039-6054

Intermediate movement from identity by descent (IBD)



Ringbauer H, Coop G, Barton NH (2017) Genetics doi: 10.1534/genetics.116.196220.

Insect agricultural pests of interest





Ceratitis capitata



Asian citrus psyllid

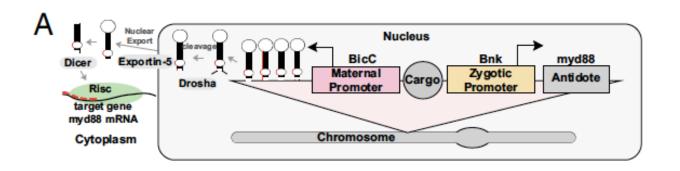


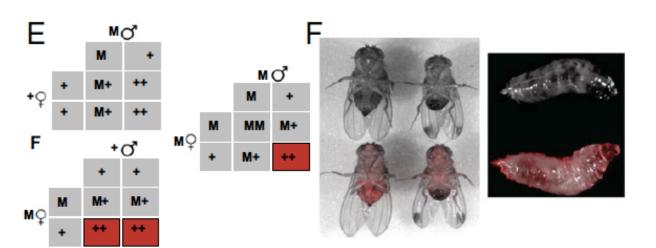
Pink bollworm

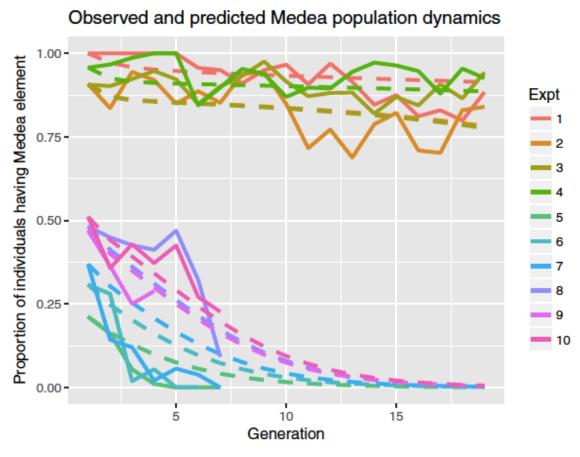


Synthetically engineered *Medea* gene drive system in the worldwide crop pest *Drosophila suzukii*Anna Buchman^{a,b,c}, John M. Marshall^d, Dennis Ostrovski^{a,b}, Ting Yang^{a,b,c}, and Omar S. Akbari^{a,b,c,e,1}

Anna Buchman^{a,b,c}, John M. Marshall^d, Dennis Ostrovski^{a,b}, Ting Yang^{a,b,c}, and Omar S. Akbari^{a,b,c,e,1}



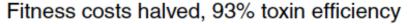


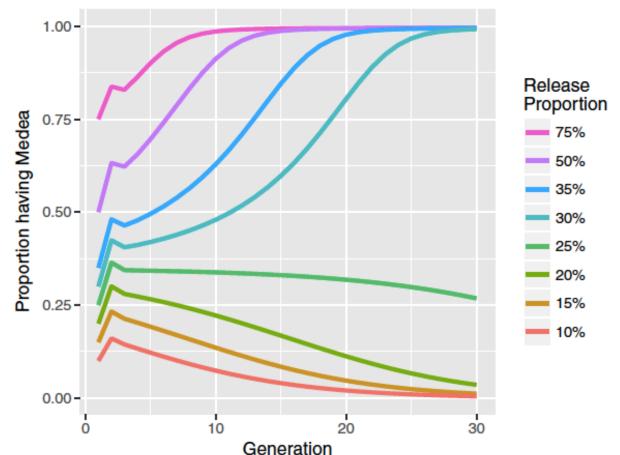


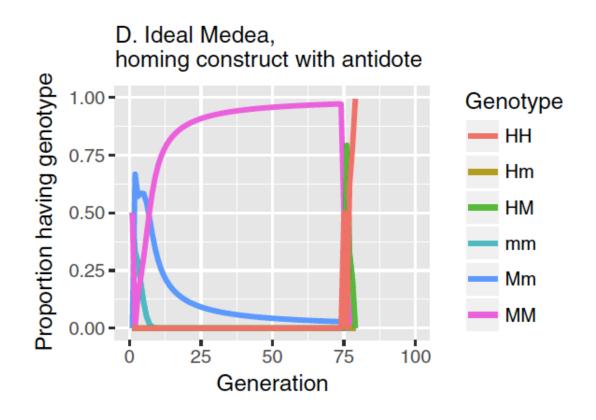


Synthetically engineered *Medea* gene drive system in the worldwide crop pest *Drosophila suzukii*Anna Buchman^{a,b,c}, John M. Marshall^d, Dennis Ostrovski^{a,b}, Ting Yang^{a,b,c}, and Omar S. Akbari^{a,b,c,e,1}

Anna Buchman^{a,b,c}, John M. Marshall^d, Dennis Ostrovski^{a,b}, Ting Yang^{a,b,c}, and Omar S. Akbari^{a,b,c,e,1}



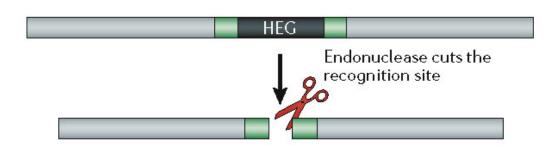


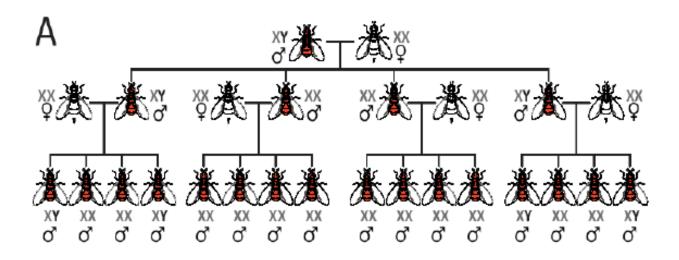


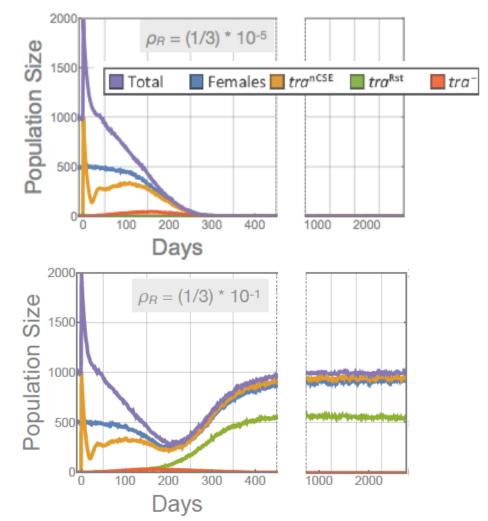


Consequences of instant induction of resistance evolution on a sex conversion-based suppression gene drive for insect pest management

Mohammad KaramiNejadRanjbar¹, Kolja Eckermann¹, Hassan Ahmed¹, Hector Sanchez C.², Stefan Dippel¹, John Marshall³, Ernst A. Wimmer¹



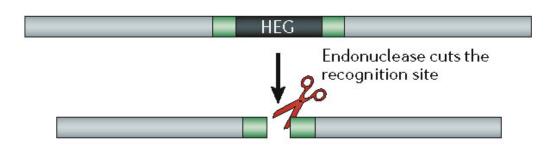


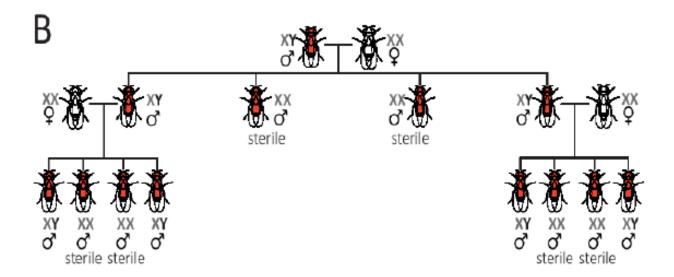


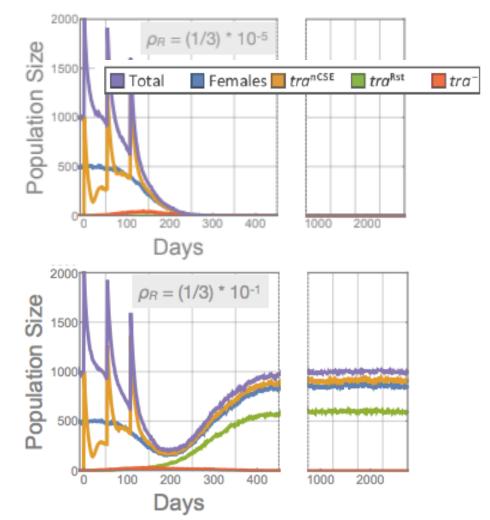


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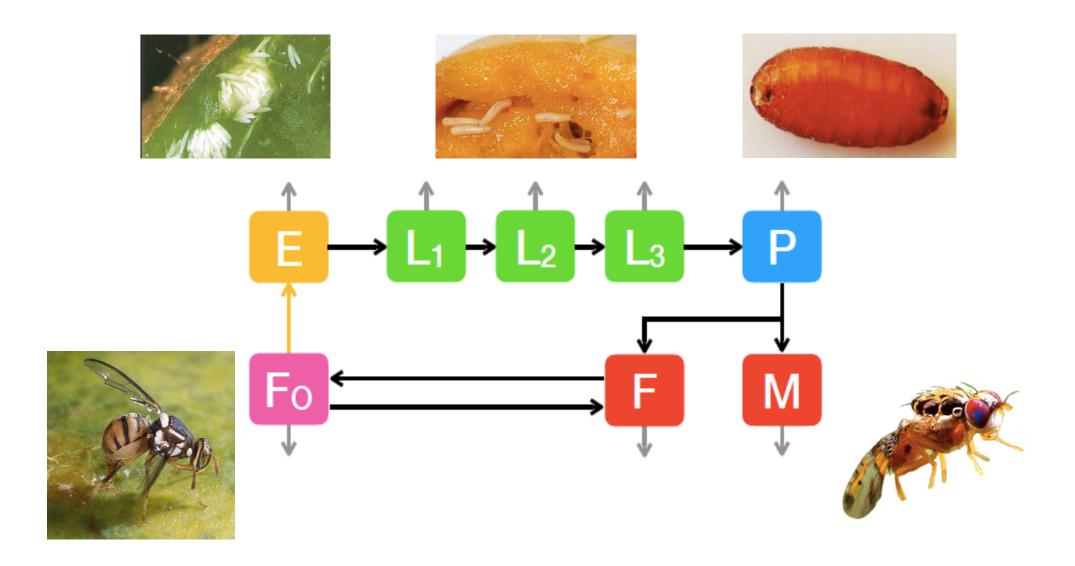
Mohammad KaramiNejadRanjbar¹, Kolja Eckermann¹, Hassan Ahmed¹, Hector Sanchez C.², Stefan Dippel¹, John Marshall³, Ernst A. Wimmer¹



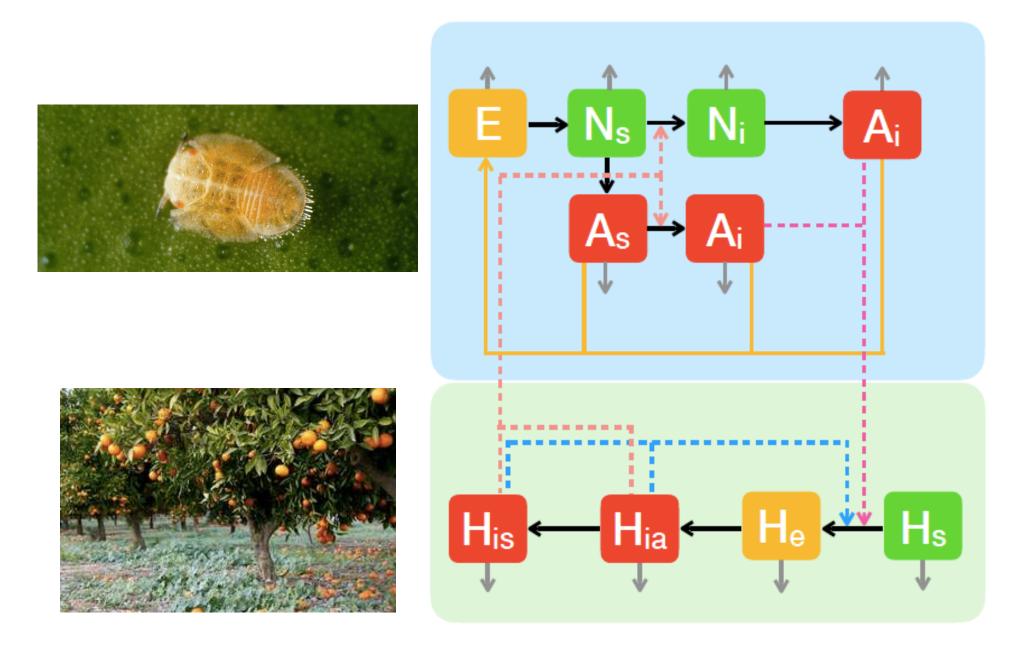




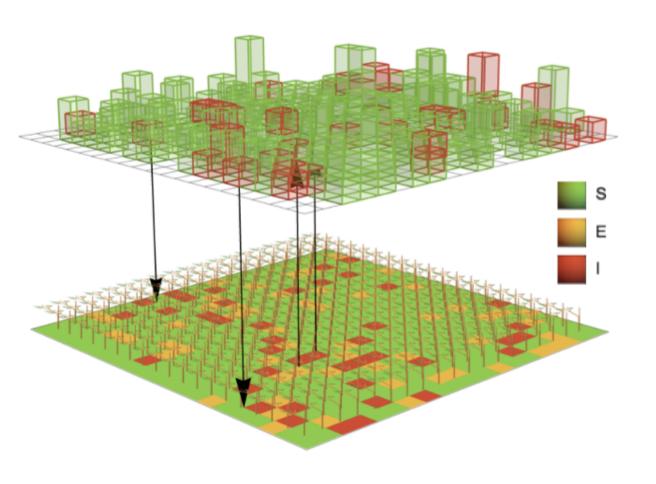
Ecological models for agricultural pests



Ecological models for agricultural pests



Spatial habitat models for agricultural pests





Questions for the group

- 1. Which agricultural pest species would be of most interest for gene drive applications?
- 2. Which crop species and geographies would be of most interest? At what scale?
- 3. What would the target product profile of the gene drive system be?
- 4. How could this strategy complement other agricultural pest control techniques?

Acknowledgements

COLLABORATORS:

MARSHALL LAB @ UC BERKELEY



Hector M. Sanchez C., Sean L. Wu, Gordana Rasic, Jared Bennett, Yogita Sharma, Samson S. Kiware, Partow Imani, Biyonka Liang, Tomas Leon *et al*.

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- o Akbari Lab @ UC Riverside
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- o Bier Lab @ UCSD
- Hay Lab @ Caltech
- Lanzaro Lab @ UC Davis
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- School of Public Health @ UC Berkeley

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